



Compilers and Computers: Partners in Performance

Fran Allen

(IBM Fellow Emerita)

T. J. Watson Research Center

Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

allen@watson.ibm.com



Components of Performance

- Latency Reduction
 - Data and Instructions in the right place at the right time
- Fast Computations
- Concurrency



Talk will Cover

- Three high performance systems:
 - 1955-61: Stretch-Harvest System
 - 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
 - 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)
- And how the Compiler-Computer partnership for performance evolved



Some Context

- 1954-57: Fortran I
- 1955-62: Stretch-Harvest System
- 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
- 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)



FORTRAN I

- Spectacular object code!!
- Some features:
 - Formal parsing techniques (beginnings)
 - Intermediate language form for optimization
 - Control flow graphs
 - Common sub-expression elimination
 - Generalized register allocation - for only 3 registers!



Some Context

- 1954-57: Fortran I
- 1955-62: Stretch-Harvest System
- 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
- 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)

Stretch (1955-61)

- Goal: 100 x faster than 704
- Main performance limitation (identified in 1955): **Memory Access Time**



Stretch Memory

- 1Mb magnetic core memory
- Memory word lengths: 64 bits + 8 check bits
- Memory organization:
 - 8 core storage units of 16K words each
 - addresses interleaved across units
 - each unit independently connected via memory bus unit to cpu, I/O, disk
 - 2.1 us cycle time per unit
- Up to 6 storage accesses could be underway at the same time!!!!



Stretch Concurrency

- Instruction Lookahead

- up to 11 successive instructions executing in cpu at the same time
- lookahead unit of virtual registers buffered instructions and data between memory and cpu
- elaborate backout system to assure sequential consistency when interrupted

- Pipelining

Stretch Concurrency (cont'd)

- Overlapped storage references
- I/O and disk operations
- Multiprogramming
 - to compensate for slow I/O
 - not shipped due to schedule



A Few Other Stretch Innovations

- Generalized interrupt system
- Memory protection
- Bytes [8 bits]
- Variable word length operands
- Multiple forms of floating point arithmetic
- Coupling two computers to a single memory



A Programmer's Dream

- 735 instructions (including modes)
- Bit addressable
- List walk took 2 instructions
- Multiple modes of arithmetic
- Registers and control functions part of addressable memory
- Word-level storage protection traps



A Compiler Writer's Nightmare!

- Too many ways of doing the same thing
- FORTRAN could not use some features, e.g. multiple forms of arithmetic
- Organizing storage
- Scheduling instructions
- Etc.....



Compiler as Part of the System

- A Stretch Objective: "The objective of economic efficiency was understood to imply minimizing the cost of answers, not just the cost of hardware. ... A consequent objective was to make programming easier -- not necessarily for trivial problems but for problems worthy of the computer, problems whose coding in machine language would usually be generated automatically by a compiler from statements in the user's language." Fred Brooks in "Planning a Computer System", 1962



HARVEST (1956-1962)

- Hosted by Stretch
- Designed for NSA for code breaking
- Streaming data computation model
- Seven instructions, e.g. Sort, SBBB
- Unbounded single operation times
- Only system with balanced I/O and computational speeds (per conversation with Jim Pomerene 11/00)

Harvest System

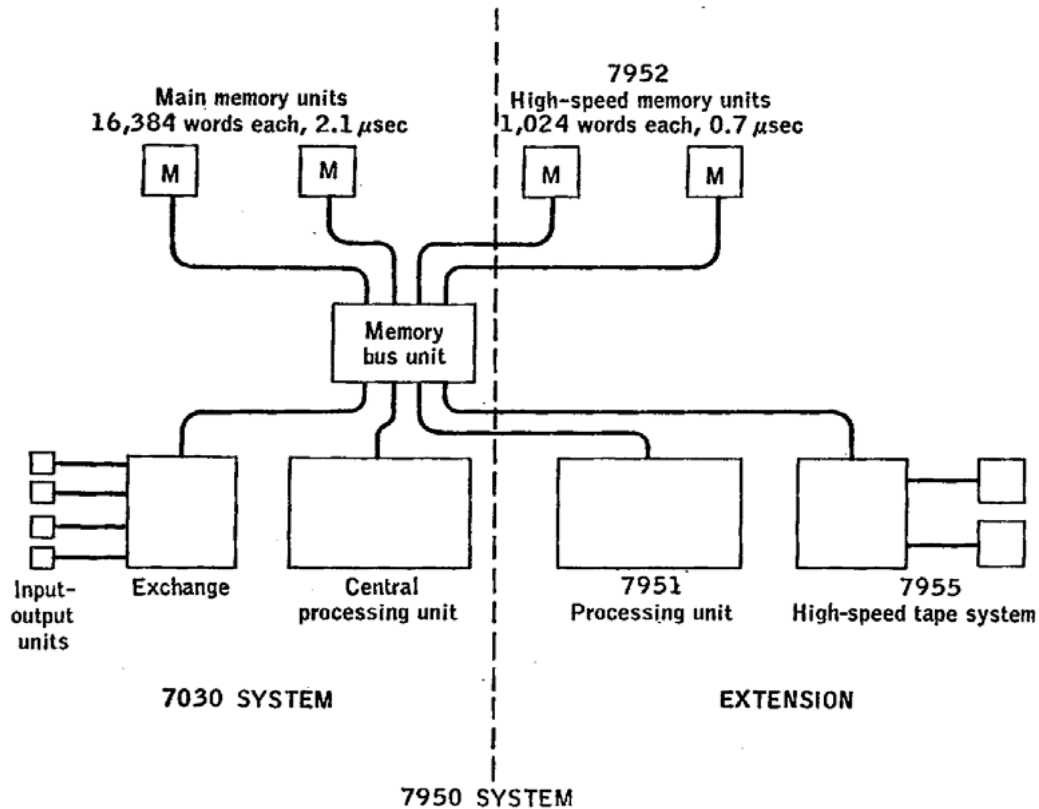


FIG. 17.1. Nonarithmetical extension of the 7030.

Harvest Streaming Unit

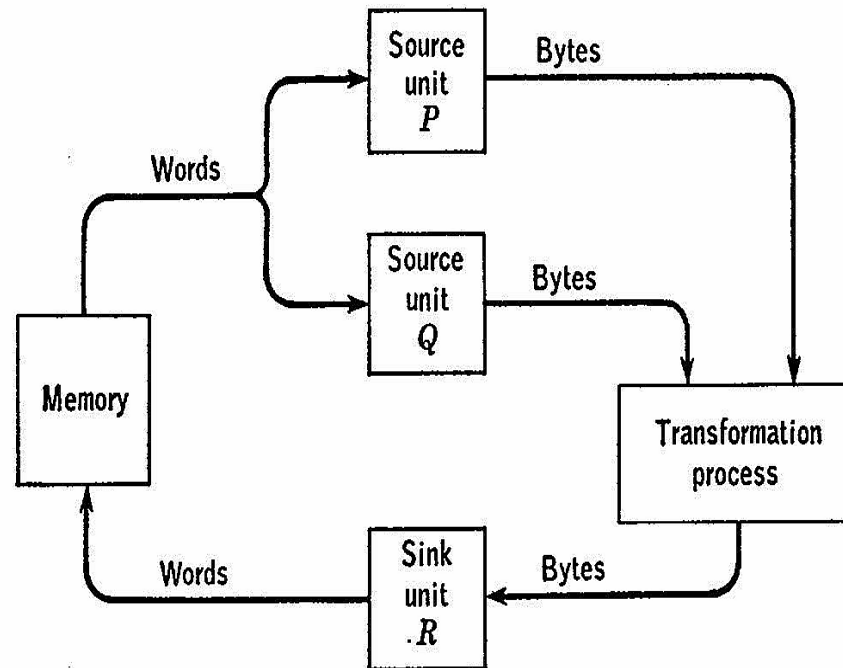


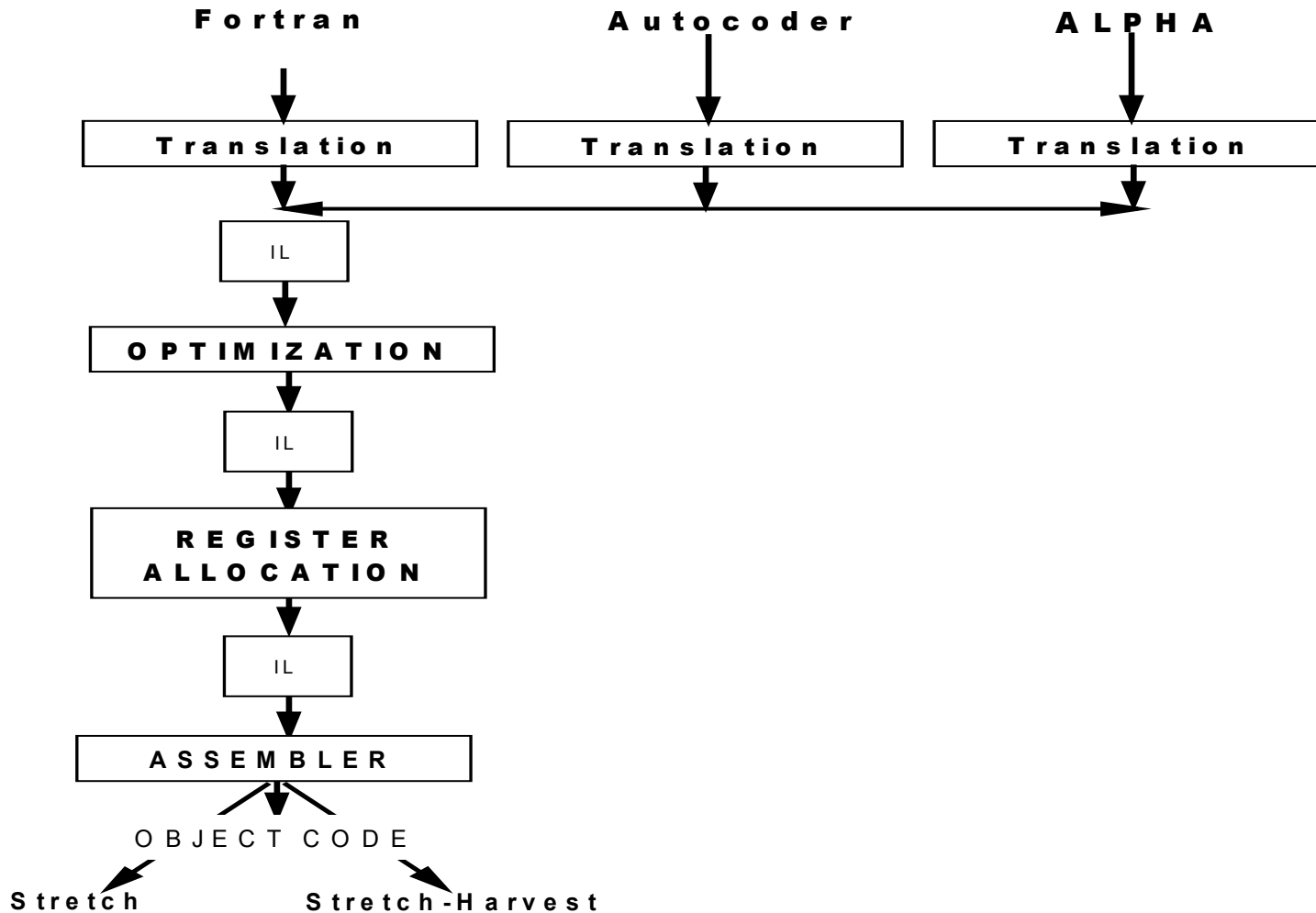
FIG. 17.2. Simplified data flow diagram.



Alpha Language for Harvest

- Language for cryptologists
 - Alphabet definition capability
 - Result descriptors by implication
- Matched the Harvest instructions but hid all details.

Stretch-Harvest Compiler





Stretch Retrospective

- Stretch machine missed 100 x goal
- Stretch compiler for Fortran replaced with simpler, faster compiler
- But “Stretch defined the limits of the possible for later generations of computer designers and users.” (Dag Spicer - Curator Computer History Museum)



Harvest Retrospective

- Harvest heavily used for 14 years
 - Hardware was very successful
 - ALPHA and Compiler use is unknown
- Nov. 1968 NSA report: “Recently HARVEST scanned 7,075,315 messages of approximately 500 characters each -- examining every possible offset -- to see if they contained any of 7,000 different words or phrases. This ... required three hours and 50 minutes to complete -- an average of over 30,000 messages a minute.”



Next Step

- 1954-57: Fortran I
- 1955-62: Stretch-Harvest System
- 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
- 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)



What We Had Learned

- Design compiler & computer together
- No instructions the compiler can't use
- Keep the instruction set simple
- Keep the compiler simple
- A lot about building compilers and computers



ACS System (1962-1968)

- Goal: To build the fastest scientific computer feasible
- Compiler built early to drive hardware design



ACS Computer (1964-1968)

- Single instruction counter
- Superscalar: up to 7 ops per cycle;
- Pipelined
- Branch prediction
- > 50 insts in execution concurrently
- Programmable condition codes



ACS Compiler

- Early design used to establish:
 - Branch prediction strategies
 - Performance bottlenecks
 - Instruction scheduling techniques
- Code was sometimes faster than the best handcode



Some Compiler Results

- A theoretical basis for program analysis and optimization
- A Catalogue of Optimizations including:
 - Procedure integration
 - Loop transformations: unrolling, jamming, unswitching
 - Redundant subexpression elimination, code motion, constant folding, dead code elimination, strength reduction, linear function test replacement, carry optimization, anchor pointing
 - Instruction scheduling
 - Register allocation



ACS

- ACS was cancelled in May 1968
- Too costly, too big,



Next Step

- 1954-57: Fortran I
- 1955-62: Stretch-Harvest System
- 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
- 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)



The 801 System (RISC)

- Goal: High Performance and Low Cost
- Simple, 1-cycle instructions
- Hardware, compiler, and new programming language (PL.8) developed simultaneously



Some 801 Project Results

- Graph coloring register allocator
- Influenced Berkeley RISC Project
- IBM's Power PC family of computers
- Optimizer became the core of IBM's XL family of retargetable compilers for multiple source languages.



More Steps

- 1954-57: Fortran I
- 1955-62: Stretch-Harvest System
- 1962-68: Advanced Computing System
- 1975-78: 801 System (RISC)
- Parallel Systems
- C
- Java
- Etc.....



Challenges

- The memory wall is getting worse
 - Caches
 - Locality
- Parallelism
- Programming languages
- Compilers for the New Millenium!



BACKUP CHARTS



Stretch Machine

- speed: ~ 500 KIPS (code dependent)
- base machine cycle: 300 ns (3.3MHz)
- transistors: 169,200
- disk: 2MW and 8Mbps
- tape drives: 12 *IBM 729 IV units
- card reader: 1000 cpm
- printer: 600 lpm
- card punch: 250 cpm
- cpu size: 900 sq. ft. (30 x 6 x 5)
- cpu power req: 21 KW
- total size: 2,500 sq. ft.
- weight: 40,000 lbs.



Tractor Tape for Harvest

- Tape library system with automatic retrieval & storage
- 3 Cartridge handling units
- 160 cartridges/handler
- 90 million characters/tape
- 1,128,000 characters/sec transfer rate
- Automatic checking and error correction
- The 3 cartridge handlers could execute in parallel



Tractor Tape

The max read/write transfer rate
was $> 3.3\text{MB/sec}$,
matching the rate of the
streaming unit!